

Fuel consumption for harvesting operations in Sweden

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Previous estimates

From 2006 and 2012

- Based on surveys there the machine owners reported data for specific weeks

Later data

- Case studies for specific machines



The new study

- Utilizing automatically generated machine data stored in databases
- Continuous data collection
- Separated on site



Challenges

- Data access and confidentiality
- Find machines that report fuel consumption as well as other necessary data
- Accuracy & precision in fuel measurements
- Earlier used variables not always available
 - New are needed

What is a large...

- Weight
- Engine power
- Load capacity
- Harvester head

Do we include all machines
or machines for
professional forestry



Our solution

- Harvesters classified according to harvested tree size
- Forwarders classified according to average load volume

In both cases averages per make and model

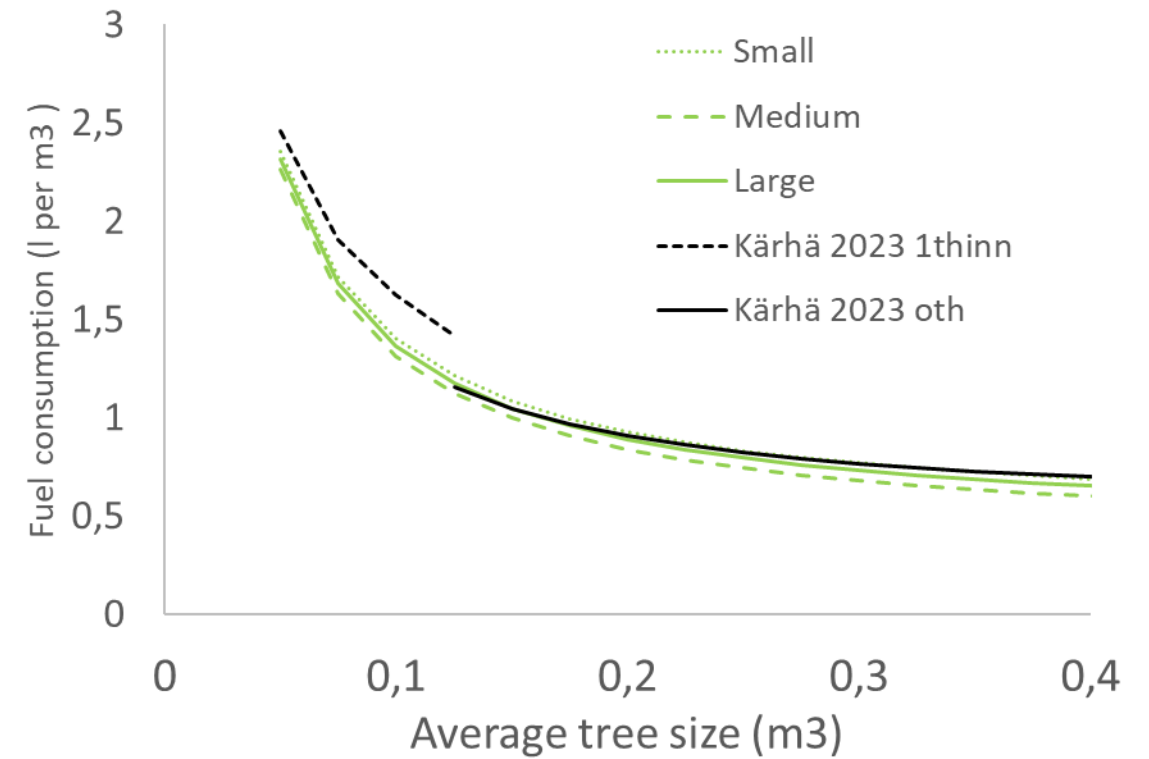
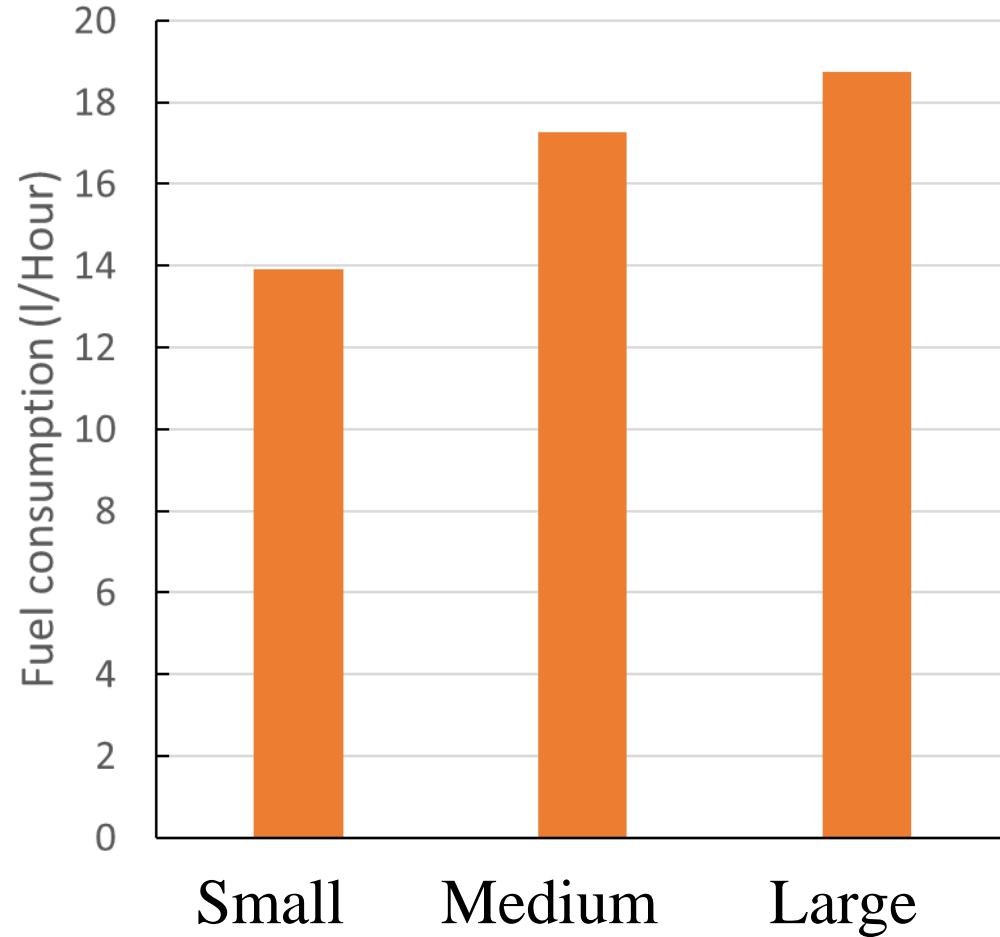


Results

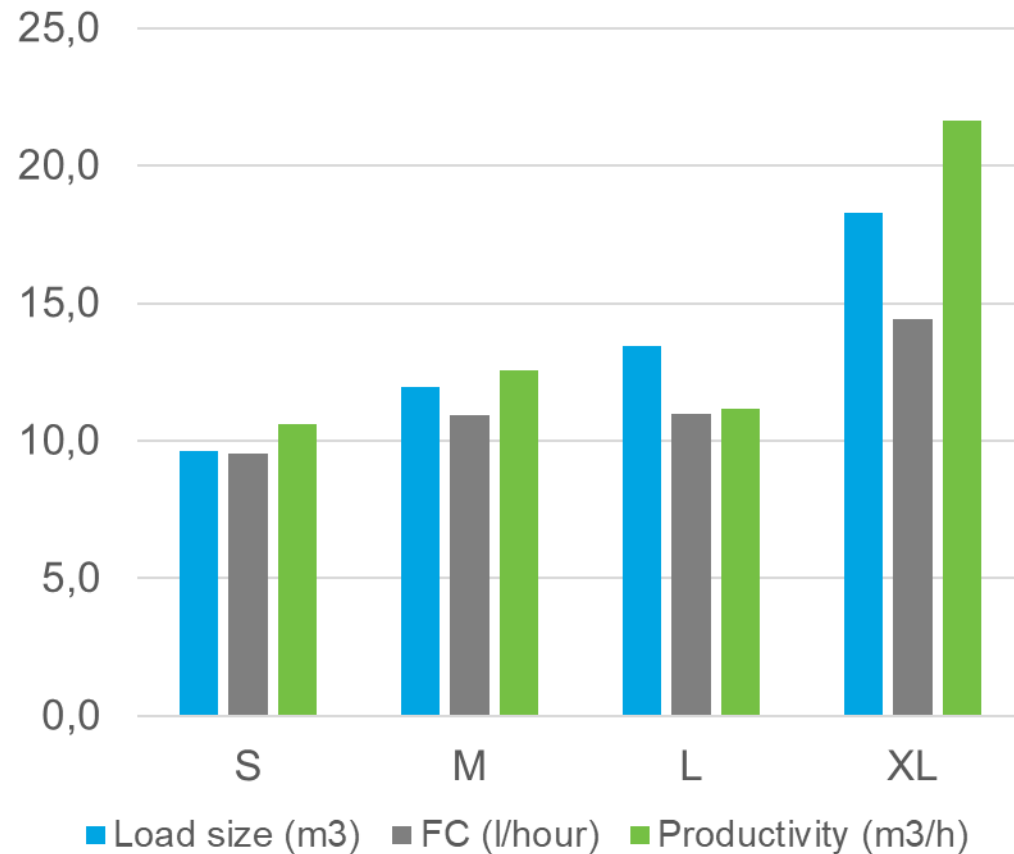
- Fuel consumption can be modelled based on machine data
- Machine size affects FC per hour but not necessarily FC per m³



Harvester



Forwarders

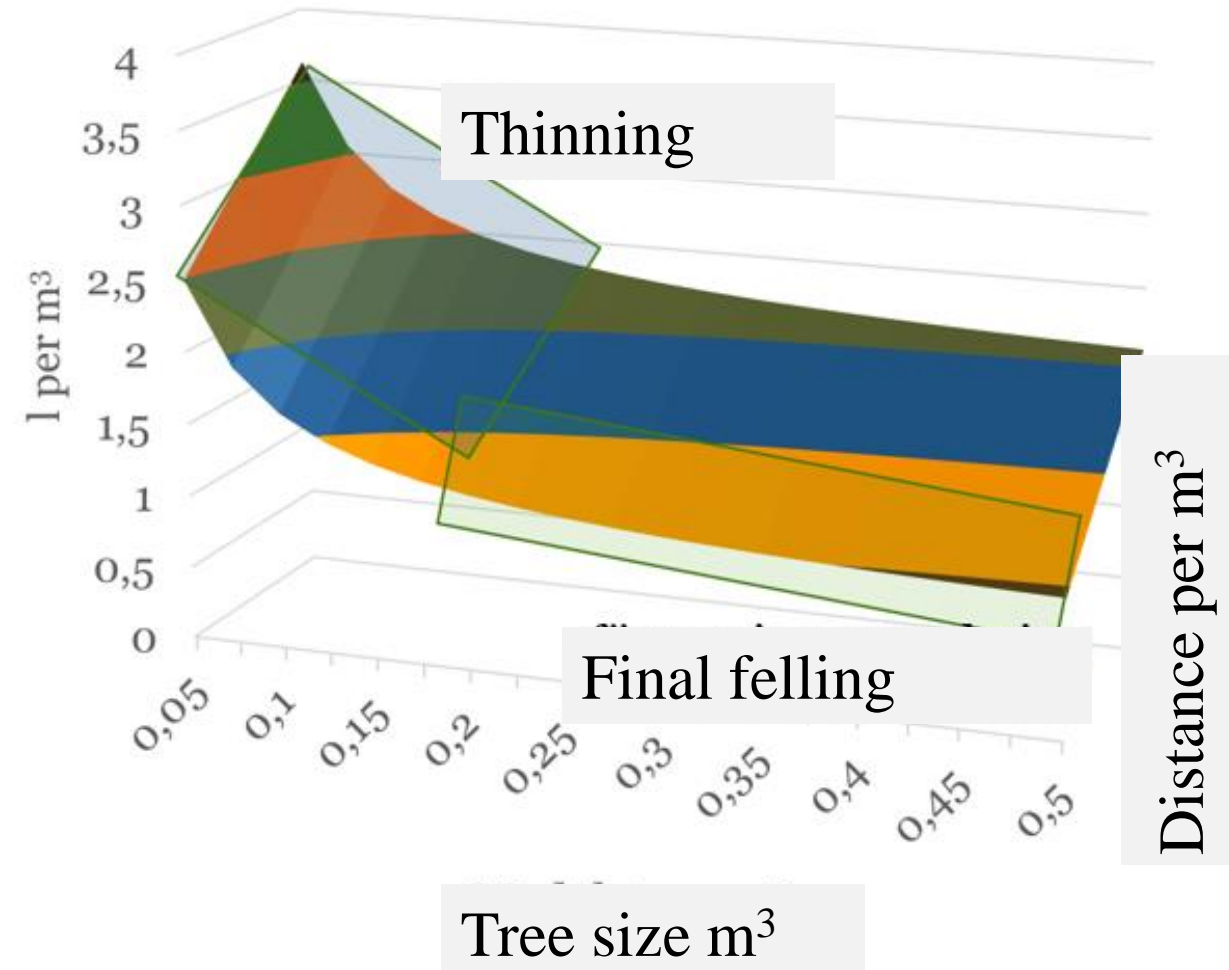


NO difference in FC/m³
between machine sizes if:

- wood concentration (m³/ha)
- driven distance per m³ is the same

Fuel consumption per harvesting team

- Models of FC per m³ explain 84% of the variation
- Issues with covariation between tree size, driven distance, harvested volume and machine size



Fuel consumption per harvesting team

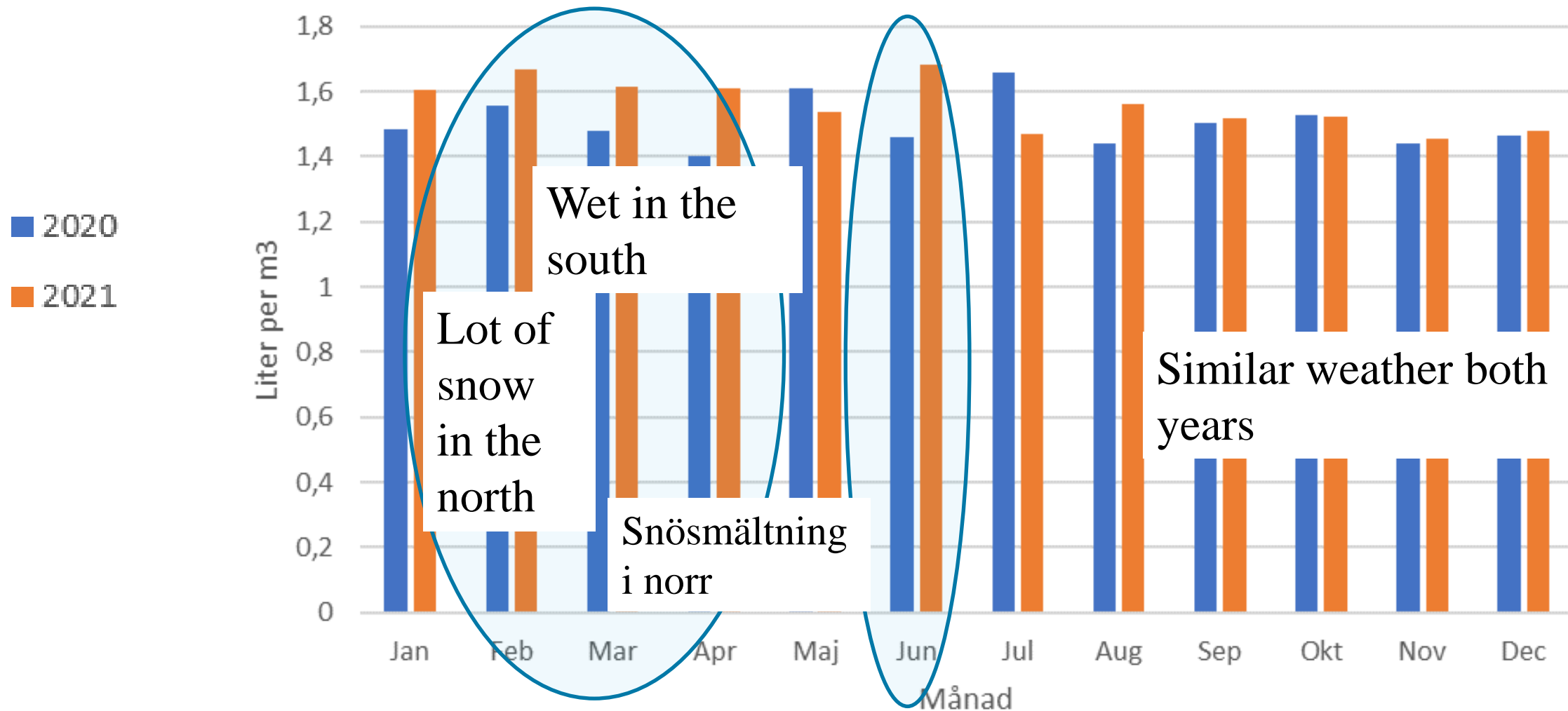
Average fuel consumption in
Sweden were

- 1,69 liter per m³ in 2020
- 1,76 liter per m³ in 2021
 - 5% increase



Final felling teams

Some theories



Machine data

Provides new opportunities to analyze fuel consumption

- Weather
- Geographical differences
- Differences in site conditions
-

And can be used as a benchmark when training operators

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